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INTERSTATE DISPARITIES - INDIA

•INCIDENCE OF POVERTY IN INDIA VARIES

- 1999- 2016 MORE THAN 16 STATES HAD POVERTY RATIO WHICH IS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE.
- ORISSA AND BIHAR ARE STILL THE POOREST STATES • EVEN JHARKHAND AND CHATTISGARH TOO ARE POORER.
- •ASSAM, TRIPURA, UP AND MP TOO FACE POVERTY.

INTERSTATE DISPARITIES - INDIA

Bihar, Jharkhand, and Odisha saw biggest spikes in poverty among larger states



KERALA- EMPHASIS MORE ON HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH

WEST BENGAL- LAND REFORM MEASURES

ANDHRA PRADESH AND TAMIL NADU-EFFICIENT PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

PUNJAB AND HARYANA - THROUGH HIGH AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND GROWTH RATE

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GLOBAL POVERTY SCENARIO

- \bullet POVERTY RATIO IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES FROM 28 % IN 1990 TO 21% IN 2001
- BY 2013 THIS SHARE HAD FALLEN TO 12%.
- DECLINE IN POVERTY IS VERY SUBSTATIAL IN CHINA AND SOUTH EAST ASIAN COUNTRIES.
- THIS IS DUE TO RAPID ECONOMIC GROWTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENTS.
- IN 1981 AROUND 88% OF THE CHINESE POPULATION LIVED IN EXTREME POVERTY.
- TODAY IT HAS DECLINED TO BELOW 1% IN CHINA.

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